

# 投资与税务

· 德安通讯 · 2010 年 09 月 〈 总第 120 期 >

# 企业所得税

根据国家税务总局发布的财税[2008]119 号《关于试点企业集团缴纳企业所得税有关问题的通知》,自 2009 年度开始,一些企业集团取消了合并申报缴纳企业所得税。国家税务总局于 2010 年 7 月 30 日发布《关于取消合并纳税后以前年度尚未弥补亏损有关企业所得税问题的公告》(2010 年第 7 号公告),规定:

- 企业集团取消了合并申报缴纳企业所得税后,截至 2008 年底,企业集团合并计算的累计亏损,属于符合《中华人民共和国企业所得税法》第十八条规定 5 年结转期限内的,可分配给其合并成员企业(包括企业集团总部)在剩余结转期限内,结转弥补。
- 根据各成员企业截至 2008 年底的年度所得税申报表中的盈亏情况,凡单独计算是亏损的各成员企业,参与分配第一条所指的可继续弥补的亏损;盈利企业不参与分配。
- 企业集团在按照第二条所规定的方法分配亏损时,应根据集团每年汇总计算中这些亏损发生的实际 所属年度,确定各成员企业所分配的亏损额中具体所属年度及剩余结转期限。
- 企业集团按照上述方法分配各成员企业亏损额后,应填写《企业集团公司累计亏损分配表》并下发 给各成员企业,同时抄送企业集团主管税务机关。
- 本公告自 2009 年 1 月 1 日起执行。

根据《中华人民共和国企业所得税法》第八条及其有关规定,国家税务总局于 2010 年 7 月 28 日发布《关于企业股权投资损失所得税处理问题的公告》(2010 年第 6 号公告),就企业股权投资损失所得税处理问题公告如下:

- 企业对外进行权益性(以下简称股权)投资所发生的损失,在经确认的损失发生年度,作为企业损失在计算企业应纳税所得额时一次性扣除。
- 本规定发布以前,企业发生的尚未处理的股权投资损失,按照本规定,准予在 2010 年度一次性扣除。
- 本规定自 2010 年 1 月 1 日起执行。



## 营业税

上海市地方税务局于 2010 年 8 月 18 日发布沪地税货[2010]28 号文《印发本市<营业税差额征税管理办法>的通知》,内容包括:

- 纳税人从事外汇、有价证券、期货等金融商品买卖业务,以卖出价扣除买入价后的余额为计税营业额。
- 对本市技术先进型服务企业承接的境内信息技术外包、技术性业务流程外包和技术性知识流程外包 业务再外包给其他单位的,以其取得的服务收入,扣除支付给分包方费用后的余额为计税营业额。
- 对货物代理单位将货代业务再委托其它货代单位代理的,其货代业务收入,可扣除支付给其他货代单位的代理费用,就其余额按"服务业——代理业"税目依 5%税率征收营业税。
- 货物代理单位的计税营业额为其向客户收取的全部价款和价外费用扣除支付给运输部门的运费,以及货运港务费、货物中转费、货物打包费、港口码头费、货物保管费及各杂项作业费、报关费和货物保险费等费用后的余额。
- 从事广告代理业务的,以其全部收入减去支付给其他广告公司或广告发布者(包括媒体、载体)的广告发布费后的余额为计税营业额。

# 外商投资

国务院办公厅于 2010 年 8 月 18 日印发国办函[2010]128 号《贯彻落实国务院关于进一步做好利用外资工作若干意见部门分工方案的通知》,内容包括:

- 修订《外商投资产业指导目录》,扩大开放领域,鼓励外资投向高端制造业、高新技术产业、现代 服务业、新能源和节能环保产业。
- 国家产业调整和振兴规划中的政策措施同等适用于符合条件的外商投资企业。
- 鼓励外商投资高新技术企业发展,改进并完善高新技术企业认定工作。
- 鼓励跨国公司在华设立地区总部、研发中心、采购中心、财务管理中心、结算中心以及成本和利润 核算中心等功能性机构。
- 鼓励外资以参股、并购等方式参与国内企业改组改造和兼并重组。

以上信息仅提供德安客户及对本公司业务感兴趣之人士参考,我们将尽量确保上述信息的准确性,我们提请读者注意,上述内容系有关文件的摘要,在实际应用时,须参照全文为准。同时,我们欢迎各位就上述信息咨询本公司的专业人士,也欢迎各位登陆我们的网站 www.deancpa.com.cn。我们将为我们的客户提供实实在在的增值服务。上述摘编如中、外文不一致的,以中文为准。



## **Corporate Income Tax**

Following the Circular on Issues Regarding CIT Payment of Pilot Groups (CaiShui [2008] No.119) issued by State Administration of Tax (SAT), some enterprise groups have cancelled consolidated CIT filing and payment. SAT released Act on CIT Issues in Association with Unrecovered Loss of Previous Years That Happened After Cancellation of Consolidated CIT Payment ([2010] Act No.7) on July 30, 2010, stipulating that:

- For groups that have canceled consolidated CIT filing and payment, their accumulated loss (calculated on consolidation basis) by the end of 2008 can be allocated to their member enterprises (including headquarters of group) for the purpose of recovery of loss of previous years in the rest of prescribed carry-over period, if these groups are subject to the article 18 of the CIT Law which stipulates a carry-over period of 5 years.
- Based on the profit/loss results as of the end of 2008 shown in annual CIT filing returns of every member enterprises, member enterprises in loss shall be assigned share of loss for recovery; and those having profits shall not be assigned share of loss.
- When groups assign loss according to the above-said rule, they should exactly recognize the fiscal year of
  loss assigned to member enterprises as well as the rest of carry-over period, in accordance with the actual
  fiscal year of the loss calculated in group's annual consolidated financial statement.
- After completing the assignment of loss to member enterprises, groups should fill out Form for Assignment of Group's Accumulated Loss and then sent it to member enterprises and competent tax authorities of them.
- This Act came into effect as of Jan. 1, 2009.

Based on the article 8 of CIT Law of PRC and other relevant regulations, SAT issued Act on CIT Treatment in Association with Equity Investment Loss Incurred by Enterprises (Year-2010 Act No.6) on July 28, 2010, stipulating that:

- Enterprise's loss in equity investment shall be one-off deducted before CIT in the fiscal year in which the recognized loss occurs.
- If an enterprise who ever incurred equity investment loss has not treated with the loss on its accounting book before promulgation of this Act, it can deduct the loss one off in 2010 according to the regulation of this Act.
- This Act came into effect as of Jan. 1, 2010.

#### **Business Tax**

Shanghai Local Tax Bureau issued Circular on Promulgation of Measures for Levy of Business Tax on Balance (HuDiShuiHuo [2010] No.28) On Aug. 18, 2010, including the following stipulations:

- Those who deal in foreign exchange, securities, futures and other financial products shall pay business tax on selling price minus buying price.
- If a technically-advanced service company in Shanghai subcontracts its business of information technology outsourcing (ITO), business processing outsourcing (BPO) or knowledge processing outsourcing (KPO) to other companies, its business tax payable shall be equal to its revenue minus cost paid to the subcontractor(s).



- For a freight forwarding enterprise that subcontract their business to other freight forwarders, it shall pay business tax on its revenue minus cost paid to the subcontractor(s), and the enterprise shall be subject to 5% business tax rate in line with the tax item of "agent of service industry".
- Taxable revenue of freight forwarding equals to all the proceeds and non-price charges minus transportation cost paid to transportation enterprises as well as various expenses like harbor dues, transshipment charges, packing fee, port charges, storage fee, miscellaneous work charges, costumes declaration commission, goods insurance and others.
- Advertisement agents shall pay business tax on their business revenue minus advertisement fees paid to other advertisement media.

#### **Foreign Investment Administration**

General Office of the State Council issued Circular on Carrying out the State Council's Guidance for Further Utilization of Foreign Investment (GuoBanHan [2010] No.128) on Aug. 18, 2010, including the following points:

- To amend Category of Foreign-invested Industries, broaden scope of open industries, and guide foreign investment to high-end manufacturing, high-tech sectors, modern service, and newly-developed resource and energy-saved industries.
- Policies for the state industry adjustment and development program are also applicable for foreign-invested enterprises.
- To encourage foreign investors to aim at high-tech sectors, and improve statutory procedures for granting identification to high-tech enterprises.
- To encourage trans-national enterprises to set up regional headquarters, R&D centers, and centers of purchasing, financial management, settlement, cost and profit calculation and other functional establishments in China.
- To encourage foreign-investors to participate into domestic corporate restructuring in way of equity participation, merge and acquisition and others.

The newsletter is merely provided to our clients and those who have interest in our business for reference. We'll do our best to ensure the accuracy of the information in the newsletter. We have to remind you that the content in the newsletter is abstracted from relevant documents, and therefore in practice the original documents should be used for reference. Meanwhile, we welcome all of you to consult professionals in our firm regarding the information in the newsletter, and also welcome all of you visit our website www.deancpa.com.cn. We will render affordable and value-added services to our clients. If there is a discrepancy between Chinese and English versions, Chinese version will prevail.



**张有礼** 联系电话(Tel): 53832277\*168 **王伟文** 联系电话(Tel): 53832277\*111

Youli Zhang 电子信箱(Email): Jude Wang 电子信箱(Email):

ylzhang@deancpa.com.cn weiwen@deancpa.com.cn

**周剑英** 联系电话(Tel): 53832277\*118

Jenny Zhou 电子信箱(Email):

jenny.zhou@deancpa.com.cn